FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1859.

SENATE.

The PRESIDENT pro test of the Senate laid before the hody a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, made in compliance with a resolution calling for a list of the land claims of the late John Rice Jones; which was read and laid on the table.

MEMORIAL, ETW.

The following memorials were presented and appropridely afferred:

By Mr. BENJAMIN: From John Brannan, a laborer
in the Department of State, asking compensation for
enforming the duties of the librarian of that depart-

by Mr. GWIN: From John Hambleton, asking indemig ar twist reposition of the Indians on the route be-tagen Alboquerque and California; which was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Mr. G. also moved that the papers from the Court of Claims is the case of Samuel J. Hensley, on which an unfavorable report had been made yesterday, be referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs; which was agreed to. REPORTS FROM CONNITIONS.

Mr. GEREN, from the Committee on Territories, to shich was referred the President's message recommending an appropriation to pay with interest a sum of money advanced by the Governor of Vancouver's Island to the Governor of Washington 'Gerritory, reported a bill to carry the same into effect, and, as it was a peculiar case, asked the indulgence of the Senate to be allowed to put the bill on its passage; which was agreed to and the bill was passed.

passed.

Also, from the same committee, reported a bill to provide temporary governments for the Territories of Dacotah and Arisons, and to create the office of surveyor-general in the Territory of Arizons.

Mr. HUNTER, from the Committee on Finance, to

Mr. HUNTER, from the Committee on Finance, to which was referred House bill making appropriations for the consular and diplomatic expenses of the government for the year ending the 30th day of June, 1850, reported back the same without amendment. Also, from the same committee, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the memorial of B. F. Bittenhouse, a clerk in the office of the Register of the Treasury, asking compensation for extra services; which was agreed to.

was agreed to.

Also, from the same committee, to which were referred the memorials of Taylor & Co., Mora Brothers, and Navaro & Co., reported a bill for the relief of those whose goods were destroyed by fire in Braxton's warehouse on the 4th day of June, 1858.

Mr. STUARF, from the Committee on Public Lands, to which was referred a joint resolution of the legislature of Wiscousin, relative to a railroad from Fond-du-Lac to Lake Superior, submitted an adverse report thereon.

House bill recognising the survey of the Grand Cherivere island, State of Louisiam, as approved by the surveyor general, and for other purposes, reported it without amendment.

Also, from the same committee, House bill for the relief of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company, reported
it back with an amendment, and asked its present consideration; which was agreed to, the amendment con-

sideration; which was agreed to, the amendment con-curred in, and the bill passed.

Mr. IVERSON, from the Committee of Claims, to which was referred the memorial of Thomas S. Sprague, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the same; which was agreed to.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Committee on the Judi-ciary, to which was referred the bill to regulate practice in the United States courts, reported back the same with

Mr. KENNEDY, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Public Grounds, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the memorial of Wm. Gas-ton Pearson; which was agreed to.

DISTRICT OF COLUMNIA. Mr. BRIGHT, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, to which were referred "A bill to author-lize the city of Washington to distribute and use the water soon to be introduced therein from the Potomac water soon to introduce theretaered from the Potentiae river, and the "bill conferring certain powers on the Corporations of Washington and Georgetown," recommended their indefinite postponement, on the ground that they did not contain appropriate and sufficient provisions to suit the character or condition of the watervisions to suit the character or condition of the water-works, nor to accomplish the objects necessary to be se-cured, both on the part of the government and the cities of Washington and Georgetown, and submitted a report, accompanied by a bill to provide for the care and preser-vation of the works constructed by the United States for bringing the Potomac water into the cities of Washing-ton and Georgetown for the supply of said water for all governmental purposes, and for the uses and benefit of roll cities.

governments purposes, and for the uses and issent of solid cities.

Mr. BRIGHT observed that this bill was one of importance, as would be acknowledged by every one who took any interest in the accommodation of the water privileges which have been introduced into the national metropolis. He would ask for its consideration to morrow, if that day should be set apart for the consideration of District business; if not, whenever the chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia [Mr. Baown] should call up his milroad toil, he would move to substitute the consideration of the bill just reported for that of his friend from Mississippi.

On motion by Mr. POLK, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill from the House of Representa-tives giving the assent of Congress to a law of the Missouri legislature for the application of the reserved two
per cent, land fund of that State. The bill was read a
third time and the question was stated on its passage.

Mr. COLLAMER spoke of the early policy which was
adopted by the government in the sale of public lands, to
grant five per cent, of the amount of such sales to the
several States in which the lands were situated, for the adopted by the government in the sale of public lands, to good five per cent, of the amount of such sales to the several States in which the lands were situated, for the purpose of facilitating communication and opening roads, to induce the more rapid settlement of the them wilderness by emigrants. When this system was first adopted, in the case of Ohio, this five per cent, fund was divided, and three per cent, was placed at the disposal of the State to be used within her limits and at her own discretion, while the other two per cent, was reserved to be used under the direction of Congress for making roads. The three per cent, was for making roads within the State, and the two per cent, was to be disposed of in making roads to the States. Under this system the Camberland road was commenced, and Congress proceeded to pedeem its pledge in making the road to this armount of the state to State west, and the grant to Missouri was in similar terms, reserving two per cent, to make a road to the State. In going on with this agreement, Congress frequently expended largely in advance of the receipte, providing that it should be repaid to the teasury as the lands should be sold and the two per cent realized. Between six and seven millions of dollars has been expended on the Cumberland road, which was made to Ohio, through Ohio, to Indidana, but not quite through is and part way through Himois. The road was made almost all the way to Missouri, but never completed entirely to it. This road was made almost all the way to Missouri, but never completed entirely to it. This road was made almost all the way to Missouri, but never completed entirely to it. This road was made almost all the way to Missouri that the money should be repaid from this two per cent, fund on the reservations which had been made. The amount expended by the government has exceeded and all the work but never anything like what they had already paid out. The road had ceased to be the only road of inter-communication, and gradually exerctions were remitted u

Mr. POLK stated that it was about \$250,000.

Mr. POLK stated that it was about \$250,000.

Mr. COLLAMER proceeded to state his understanding to te man in maning the Comberland road from these reservations, all these States were just as much interested in one portion of that road as another. It was as important to Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri that the road should be made from Camberland all the way through to there as in any part of the travel nearest to them. The value of the road did not consist in any one section, but in there being a continuous roots. True the posit had not reached Missouri, but it and gone part way; and all the money had been hild out, and a great deal more, first attempting to make it all the way through. Sow, it was not asked that Congress should complete that epock the most that could be asked was that Congress should make it as far as the two per cent fund would go. That had

been done; and now it was asked that this two per cent., which had already been expended on the real, should be retunded to Missouri, because the road had not been made to the State. She has had three per cent, and now asks the other two per cent; introduced the make the other two per cent; introduced the within her own limits, and at his own discretion. This subject unders can a tall investigation is the Senate in 1850 and although the interests of Missouri were in the hunds of Mr. Benton, and were supported by Mr. Chry, who were familiar with the whole matter, yet with their powerful aid, after the full discussion that ensued, there were only ten votes in the Senate in favor of the bill.

Mr. GREEN remarked that the grounds upon which this bill was predicated had given to it five heart of the gress amount of the sales of the public lands within its limits, except the State of Missouri, in consideration of not taxing the United States had for five years after they were sold. He should expect that the bill would be passed on the sone of the public lands within its limits, except the should expect that the bill would be passed on the sone of the public lands within its limits, except the State of Mississippi. There was an agreement that she should teceive five per cent; three per cent, to be expended within her limits, in her own way, and two per cent by the United States in making a road to Mississippi. There was an agree cent, the same manner.

Mr. COLLAMER said the road to Mississippi was ment that the same manner.

Mr. COLLAMER said the road to Mississippi was

Mr. COLLAMER said the road to Mississippi was never undertaken by the government at all ; it was not

never undertaken by the government at all; it was not begun.

Mr. GREEN replied that, according to that argument, if the road had been begun, and extended only as far as the District of Columbia, Mississippi would not have been entitled to the two per cent. But the obligation of the federal government was to make the road to the State, and not towards the State; and that contract had not been compiled with. The road was of no benefit to Missouri unless it was carried to her borders. All these new States had received the five per cent, and Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois received more; for they got the money that was expended sithin their own borders. Florida, Louisiana, and Arkunass had all received five per cent, and he hoped this act of justice would be done to Missouri.

Mr. COLLAMER briefly replied.

Mr. POLE stated that Missouri remonstrated as long ago as 1829 against the perversion of this trust fund, and asked that instead of having this money expended in crossing ridges and putting down macadamizing at an immense expense, so that the road could never by any possibility reach to Missouri, a road might be constructed such as an emigrant from the East could safely travel over with his wagons and his family, and thus get to Missouri. But that remonstrance was unheaded. After the lapse of some twenty years Missouri came here again; and finding that the steamboat and the raifroad cars had made such an innovation on the old modes of travel that Congress has utterly ceased to attempt to finish the road and has abandoned the work, she then asked that the plain breach of trust might be made good to ber, and that the amount which ought to have been much the road and has abanished the work, she then saked that this pian breach of trust might be made good to her, and that the amount which ought to have been expended in making a road to the State, but which has in reality been expended hundreds of miles cast of her, and from which she has had no benefit whatever, should be refunded to her. The United States stood in relation to this trust fund in the attitude of a trustee; and in that attitude she could seeme but one of two residences. to this trust fund in the attitude of a trustee; and in that attitude she could assume but one of two positions. Either the trustee has misapplied the trust fund, and when asked to refund it, has no excuse to make, in which case the trustee should be compelled to refund it; or cise, which he supposed to be the better position, the trustee stands in the attitude of having ceased to do anything towards giving the costs que trust the benefit of the trust fund which has been placed in her hands. Either the trustee should perform the trust, or give the costs que trust an opportunity to enjey the fund.

and an opportunity to enjoy the fund.

The question being taken, the bill was passed. PRIVATE DILLS.

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the private calcular, and the following bills were read a third

vate calcular, and the following bills were read a third time and passed:

Bill authorizing the "Domestic and Foreign Mission-ary Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States" to enter a certain tract of land in the State of Wisconsin.

Bill to provide for the quieting certain land titles in the late disputed territory in the State of Maine, and for other converses.

the sate disputed territory in the State of Maine, and for other purposes.

A bill authorizing the courts to adjudicate the claim of the legal representatives of the Sieur de Bonne and Chevalier de Repeatigny to certain land at the Sault Sainte Marie in the State of Michigan.

The bill for the relief of the officers and crow of the brig Gen. Armstrong was debated at some length by Mesers. BROWN, MASON, and CRITTENDEN in favor, and Mesers TYOMINS PENSENDEN HALE and BEN

and Mesors TOOMES, FESSENDEN, HALE, and BEN-JAMIN in opposition to it; when it was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

TEAS Messrs Bater, Rayard, Bell, Reown, Chernut, Clark, Colla-ner, Criticaden, Dixos, Foot, Hammons, Honton, Jones, Kennedy, Mallory, Mason, Polk, Reid, S. ward, Simmons, Thompson of Kentacky, Wright, and Yules—23. NAYS—Messrs, Benjamin, Broderick, Clingman, Davis, Doolittle, Feascaden, Harlin, Hauter, Johnson of Tennessee, Wade, and Ward—11.

It was announced that on the above vote Messrs. CLAY

It was announced that on the above vote Messix. CLAY and GWIN, GEREN and FIREATRICK, WHISON SING SHIRIDA, HANGIN and CHANDELIA, SLIBELL and HEIGHT, and other senators had paired off.

The bill to provide for the payment to the State of Missouri of two per centum of the net proceeds of the sales of the public lands therein heretofore reserved under a compact with that State, was indefinitely postponed, a House bill to the same purport having been already cassed this morning.

eady passed this morning.

The bill for the relief of the heirs of Capt. Alexander Rose was rejected on its third reading. On motion, the Senate adjourned.

On motion of Mr. BRANCH, of North Carolina, a reso-lution was adopted requesting the Scoretary of the Treas-ary to inform the House why he has not complied with the joint resolution of the 14th of May, 1835, requiring him to report on commerce and navigation, and the kind, quality, and value of the merchandise entered coastwise and castward from the collection districts of the United States, and to submit to the naxt House a plan by which the constraint trade can be secured.

Mr. WILSON, of Indiana, from the Committee on Elec-tions, submitted a report in the contested-election case-from Nebraska; and it was ordered to be printed, and its further consideration postponed till Wednesday next. Mr. BOYCE, of South Capolina, from the same commit-ies, prescuted the riews of the minority; and they were also ordered to be printed, and their further consideration postponed till Wednesday next. Mr. LOVEJOY, of Illinois, on leave, introduced a joint resolution to correct an error in the "Act for the relief of Issae Body and Samuel Fleming; and it was taken up and passed.

and passed.

Mr. STEPHENS, of Georgia, on leave, introduced bill for the relief of Captain J. C. Melform on a read twice and referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

PHELPS, of Minnesota, on leave, introduced a bill for the relief of the citizens of St. Cloud, Minnesota; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. SMITH, of Illinois, on leave, introduced a bill to

Mr. SMITH, of Illinois, on leave, introduced a bill to provide for the establishment of a ustional foundry at Alton or Chester, in the State of Illinois, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. MOIRIS, of Illinois, ashed leave to introduce a practition requesting the Postmaster tieneral to formish the House a tabular statement showing the number of miles of mail transportation on railread, horseback, and hope coaches, and the amount of compensation paid for each kind of service, in the different States and Territories of the United States, and also, as near as he can, the amount of mail matter carried over said routes.

Several Maximus objected.

Several MEMBERS objected. RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS.

Mr. PHILLIPS, of Pennsylvania, called up the motion which he made yesterday to reconsider the vote by which the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury was referred to the committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. PHELPS, of Missouri, appealed to Mr. Parlings to withdraw the motion, or to move that it be laid on the table. There would be abundant opportunity between the present time and the close of the session for him to express his opinion on that letter, and also in relation to the financial policy of the government.

Mr. FLORENCE, of Pennsylvania, also appealed to Mr. Parlings to withdraw his motion and permit the liones to proceed to the consideration of the private calmaker.

Mr. PHILLIPS picked to these suggestions, and moved that the motion to reconsider be laid on the table; which the table was agreed to.

And then, on motion of Mr. HOUSTON, of Alabama, the House adjourned.

ores entered at the last term be reformed accordingly.

No. 66. The People of the State of Mew Yors, ex rd.

Asa Cutler, et al., plaintiffs in error, m. Edgar C. Dibble, county judge. The argument of this cause was continued by Mr. Martindale for the defendant in error, and concluded by Mr. Gillet for the plaintiffs in error.

Adjourned until Monday at 11 o'clock.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Capt. J. O'Hara Denny, who served with distinction the Mexican war, died at his residence, near Pittsburg, Monday best on Monday last.

on Monday last.

Hon Kibby Bendict, chief justice of New Mexico, de-livered an address at Sante Fe on St. John's Day, De-

comber 27th.

Mr. Robert II. Andrews, of Alexandria, Va., (a graduate of Princeton.) was, on Sunday last, ordained deacon in the Catholic Cathedral, Richmond, by the Rt. Rev. Dr. McGill, Bishop of the dioceso.

Governor Hicks of Maryland has concluded to re-

Sort Lake Man. Alvingiv

Self Lake Mail.

Se Louis, Feb. 4.—The Sait Lake mail of the Lothult, has reached St. Joseph fix days ahead of the contract time. Major Corpensing, the contractor from Placerville to Sait Lake, has arrived here in 17 days from
Placerville, and hopes to reach Washington in nineteen
days from the Pacific.

Refuses a Nomination. Arousza, Feb. 4.—Hou, Alexander H. Stephens has szitten letters from Washington to his friends here, posi-dvely refusing a renomination for Congress.

CHARLETON, Feb. 4. To-day Marengo won the first race. Socks won the Hutchinson stakes. Planet was not entered.

New York, Feb. 4. Stocks are firmer—Chicago and Bock Island, 59‡; Illinois Central shares, 66‡; Michigan Southern, 15‡; New York Central, 82‡; Reading, 48‡; Milwaukie and Mississippi, 12‡; Milwouri 6°s, 84.

Markets.

Senate bill for the relief of the heirs and legal representatives of Olivier Landry, of the State of Louisiana.

A bill for the relief of Win. H. Russell.

A bill for the relief of Captain A. W. Reynolds.

A bill for the relief of Captain A. W. Reynolds.

A bill for the relief of John Kelly.

The following bills, reported from the committee with amendments, were then severally taken up, the amendments agreed to, and the bills passed:

Senate bill to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize the relocation of land warrants numbered three, four, and five, granted by Congress to Gen. Lafayette," approved February 26, 1845.

Senate bill to provide for the final octilement of the land cisin of the heirs of Jefiu Underwood, in Floridia.

Senate bill for the relief of Sylvester Tiffany.

Senate bill for the relief of Sylvester Tiffany.

Senate bill for the relief of P. S. Duval & Co., reported with a recommendation that it do nor pass, was laid on the table.

And then, on motion of Mr. HOUSTON, of Alabama.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Shirmsonian Licronia .- The lecture half of the Institu On motion of the Hon. Jacob Collamer, George W. Sahoon, esq., of Vermont, was admitted an attorney and ounsellor of this court.

No. 99. Blobard Co. connection of this court.

No. 99. Richard Gregg, et al., plaintiffs in error, ex.
Robert Forsyth. In error to the circuit court of the
United States for the northern district of Illinois. On
motion of Mr. Washburne, of counsel for the defendant
in error, this cause was dismissed for want of jurisdi
flow. tion.

No. 100. John Dredge, st al., plaintiffs in error, se. in a form somewhat similar to that of the parallelopipefirmament was composed of clusters of stars congregated No. 100. John Dredge, st. at., plaintiffs in error, so. Robert Forsyth. In error to the circuit court of the United States for the northern district of Illinois. On motion of Mr. Washburne, of counsel for the defendant in error, this cause was dismissed for want of jurisdiction. No. 251. The St. Louis, Alton, and Chicago Raffraad Company, plaintiffs in error, so. Clark, Brothers, & Co. In error to the circuit court of the United States for the northern district of Illinois. On motion of Mr. Polk, of counsel for the defendants in error, this cause was dismissed for want of jurisdiction. No. 252. Wm. Smith, impleaded with Roswell E. Goodell, plaintiff in error, ex. Clark, Brothers, & Co. In error to the circuit court of the United States for the northern district of Illinois. On motion of Mr. Polk, of counsel for the defendants in error, this cause was dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

No. 252. Wm. Smith, impleaded with Roswell E. Goodell, plaintiff in error, ex. Clark, Brothers, & Co. In error to the circuit court of the United States for the northern district of Illinois. On motion of Mr. Polk, of counsel for the defendants in error, this cause was dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Nos. 274, 275, 276, 277, and 278. Wm. S. Moss, Abner C. Harding, et al., survivors of Wm. Kellogg, de-

Nos. 274, 275, 276, 277, and 278. Wm. S. Moss, Absorver C. Harding, et al., survivors of Wm. Kellogg, deceased, plaintiffs in error, w. Edward Chase. Errors to the circuit court of the United States for the northern district of Illinois. Mr. Justice Wayne delivered the opinion of the court, dismissing these cases for the want of jurisdiction on account of defective citations. They being irregular in this, that they cite the parties to appear at a day anterior to their date, and are therefore null and void.

No. 274, 275, 276, 277, and 278. Wm. S. Moss, Absorver is also for the plant of Messaltion of Messaltion of Messaltion of Messaltion of Messaltion and adaptation and adaptation of Messaltion and adaptation and adaptation of Messaltion and adaptation an son, and that it is also her parting benefit. The play is

pear at a day anterior to their date, and are therefore null and void.

No. 30! Augustus W. Walker, plaintiff in error, w. Melville Godman. In error to the circuit court of the United States for the eastern district of Louisina. On motion of Mr. Janin, of counsel for the defendant in error, this cause was docketed and dismissed with costs.

No. 4, of Pecember term, 1857.—The Ocean Tow-Bost Company Gwaers & al., appellants, as Gwaers of the Crescout City, s. al. Mr. Justice Wayte delivered the opinion of the court on the motion of Mr. Benjamin that the appellants are ontitled to receive \$1,113 06 of and from the owners of the Crescout City, and that the decree entered at the last term be reformed accordingly.

No. 60. The People of the State of Mew Yors, error.

A Woxaga - There will be a special meeting of the Medical Society of the District of Columbia this morning at the Washington Infirmary, where Monsieur Groux, so well known to the public as having "a window in his breast," will be present, and will demonstrate on his per-son certain motions of the heart, large arteries, and bings. It will be a novel and an interesting sight.

BIBLE LECTURE. -The lecture before the Young Men's Caristian Association this evening will be on the "Inspiration of the New Testament."

Tax Wake of a well-known warrior-poet, who "still ves," which came off in this city not long since, is chronicled in Leslie's Illustrated News, which Shillington has for sale.

THE OPERA. - Tickets for either of the nights-Monday

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH. WASHINGTON THEATHE OF THE ABOUND THE

National, Francisco S, 1809. Farewell night and parting longest of that soccomplished webs Miss J. M. DAVENPORT,

MESALLLANCE, In which she will sustain the leading character, supported by Mr. Flack , Dawson, Bland, Morton, Miss Jasephine Manner, &c. Feb 5

TALIAN FREEDOM.

MADANE JESSIE WHITE MARIO Will deliver a lecture on Europe and the WAR PROSSPECES Of 1850, on Saturday greating, Feb. 5, at 7); o'clock, (doors up a at 7.) at

PHILITARMONIC HALL Tickets to be had at Metgerott's box office, or at the door

WASHINGTON TREATRE.

ITALIAN OPERA!

To the Public.-Mr. Ullmann, having been in-

TWO NIGHTS OF TENERAL OPERAT Affording the public an opportunity of hearing in opera-

INI,
TAMARO,
PLORENZA,
MAGGIOROTT,
and CARL FORMES. The two nights will take place on

Monday and Tunday, February 7th and 8th. DON PASQUALE,

Assisted by FLORENZA, (the celebrated barttone,) LORINI, and MAGGIOROTTI. On Tunebar, Phonerage 8, at 8, p. m.,

MADAME LABORDE and CARL FORMES

The public are aware that the theatre can only accommodate about one-fourth part of the audiences that have filled the New York and Philadelphia Analomies of Masic and the Boston Theatre, at the price of \$2.2 reserved seat, which have been cheeffally paid in these three cities, in consideration of the extraordinary number of costly stars. They will, therefore, it is hoped, approve of the scale of prices adopted for the two nights. Subscription ticket (including a reserved sout for the two

nights)
Received seat for any single night.
Private boxes with six admission tickets.
timission without a reserved seat 1 50 IRON BEDSTEADS, ORDER OF THE SALE.

On Erviay will be sold the subscription tickets.
On Saturday and Monday commences the sale of sonts for any one of the two nights. Admireton nekets (\$2 50 each) may be had during the day of the

erformance and ut the door.

The ficket office will be at Meizerott's Music Store.
Feb 2—U PILEGANT VALENTINES!—PHILPS varied and beautiful stack of Valentines; imported from London, is now ready for inspection. Prices from 25 cents to 56 each.

FRANKIN FRIII? 8 Bockstore,
Feb 5 532 Fear. av., between 9th and 10th streets.

BRITISH ALMANAC and Year Book of General PRITISH ALMANAC and Year Book of General Information for 18-20, containing valuable papers on Smitary Legislation: History of Counts' The Maccain of Practical Geology; National Collections of Petures; Thames and the London Desinger Sative Indian Army; British and Chinese Engineer; Fluctuations of Engance; of General Countries of Chinese Engineer; Fluctuations of Engance; of General Countries, of Parliamonaury Documents, Of Private Roles, of Petriamonaury Documents of Section of Private Roles, of Petriamonaury Documents of Petriamonaury Documents of Section of Private Roles, and Section of Petriamonaury Documents of Section of Private Roles, and Petriamonaury Documents of Section of Private Roles, and Petriamonaury Documents of Pet

AUCTION SALES.

By JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO., Auctioneers. By JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO., Auctioneers.

Ben. F. French's ninth annual sale of books and radioury at another, at Cashay e old store between 18th and radioury at another, at Cashay e old store between 18th and every evening until all the stock is disposed of Having been event years with J. Frata, one. I would be happy to see all of his old entumers. The atock is upon of the largest and heat selected ever hriegist to this city. Many of the books are bound in rich Terfley addigm, all antique, and had bridges; little radio and illuminated. The books are all warrantod new and perfoct.

Dooks at private sale during the day at half publishers' prices.

Auction every evening at 7 o'clock at Ren. F. French's sales room.

J. C. McGUISE & CO.

Auctioneers.

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

In consequence of the above advertisement, it is proper that I should give bettee to the public that the hooks above advertised did not in any considerable properties belong to the estate of the heatered deceased. The literary of that gentleman was burnt in the herring of his house on C street, in this stry, is Petruary 1854, with the stroption of some few books which happened to be in other parts of the house than his strely. The fire breaks out in the study, and after the descroyery of the Lunes was not restored. The books abare silvered to be suffered to the first that part of the house. That library was not restored. The books abare solvered to be indeed to be in the constant of the first that the street of the house. That library was not restored. The books abare solvered to be in the street of the constant of the properties of the solve by Montgoinery Bine, conceined, "were taken from my residence without any attempt or pretere to discriminate as to properties observed and without any internal of the constant of the solvered the solvered to be suffered to the solvered to be solv

THE CHRIST OF HISTORY: An argument groundto the facts of his fall as Earth. By John Young, M. A.

THE place to buy Juveniles is at

Fig. 3. See Sec. 100. 3. Sec. 100

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

From W. H. McDONALD & Co., 102 Nassau St.

To Dealers in Artificial Flowers, Ostrich Feathers, Fancy Goods, &c.

JOHN C. HENDERSON, SMYTH, & CO.

AVE removed their sales-rooms to the lofts 543 1250ADWAY and are ready to exhibit their samples of FLEWEZES, which exceed in variety any impercation: FISANCII FLOWEZES, which exceed in variety any im-made, reminering structure article, the larger part factorises in Parte, and patterns confined. We have also manufactured an extensive wartely Provinger, shed in this class we have every concervable and pelce of manufactured goods, and the materials lier in Our above of Origina and Manuscrip becoming Privage varied in quality and style; and in most the sys-have purchased and converted the entire build the and Greenwich street, into one factory, and are prepar-

ARTIFICIAL PLOWERS FEATHERS,

LACE RUCHES, etc., etc.,

under the management of EPWARD J
of the late firm of Jack
Our purpose being the development of the above birs

The French Flower Department,

Ostrich and Fancy Feathers, H. CREMITOS French Materials,

He d Dresses, Ornaments, etc.,

under the management of our Mr. K. D. HOWMLL.
French Department, No. 102 Rue de Richiteu, Paris,
under the management of our

Mr. J. RENNEDY SMYTH & S. LENDRUER,
amisted by

Mr. J. D. BAYIS & Mr. W. NITING,
The IMPORTING—In this leading department of our bostons we
purchase and brandfariary the choicet designs in the French market,
and receive by every stourage the last style appearing.

Our salse are straigly conflued to the Wangkara Bristine, and we
respectfully invite merchants to examine our poods.

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